

English Language Communication Skills



JOIN OUR NEW BATCH FOR

ONE PAPER MCQs



Class Time

8:00 PM - 10:00 PM



Duration

3 Months



Schedule

Mon-Fri Classes



Monthly Fee

4000/=

+ Interview Preparation

FOR PPSC, FPSC, SPSC, BPSC, KPSC, OTS, NTS and Others

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0336-7483185

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English Language Communication Skills

Q.1: What did Mangu say when he was arrested_____?

- A. We are independent
- B. **There is new constitution**
- C. We are free now
- D. There is freedom now

Q.2: Gora spoke_____?

- A. Hindi
- B. English
- C. French
- D. **Pidgin Urdu**

Q.3: Toadies means_____?

- A. Worker
- B. Foolish
- C. Intelligent
- D. **Flatterers**

Q.4: Ustad Mangu's friend Dino was_____?

- A. **Sweet vender**
- B. Police man
- C. Clerk
- D. Framer

Q.5: Ustad Mangu hated the_____?

- A. Soldiers
- B. Hindus
- C. Muslims
- D. **British**

Q.6: Ustad Mangu was a_____?

- A. Teacher
- B. Clerk
- C. **Tonga wala**
- D. Police man

Q.7: Mr. Hamel wrote on the black board_____?

- A. France is great
- B. Learn French language
- C. **Vive La France**
- D. God is great

Q.8: Central theme of the last lesson is_____?

- A. Love for nature
- B. Truthful ness
- C. Honesty
- D. **Patriotism**

Q.9: Mr. Hamel told that French language is_____?

- A. The most difficult
- B. **The clearest**
- C. Loud
- D. The easiest

Q.10: Mr. Hamel served for_____?

- A. 15 years
- B. **40 years**
- C. 20 years
- D. 30 years

Q.11: Every student in the class looked_____?

- A. Fresh
- B. Happy
- C. Angry
- D. **Sad**

Q.12: Franz was frightened because_____?

- A. He was default
- B. He was late
- C. **There was silera**
- D. of terrible atmosphere

Q.13: Mr. Hamel was a_____?

- A. Mechaine
- B. **Teacher**
- C. Cerk
- D. Soldier

Q.14: The poem teaches_____?

- A. Truth
- B. Patriotism
- C. Beauty
- D. **Beauty and truth**

Q.15: Which one is not described by poet_____?

- A. **Birds**
- B. Muscians
- C. Lover
- D. Trees

Q.16: The word mysterious means_____?

- A. Mix
- B. New
- C. **Strange**
- D. Old

Q.17: The word ode means_____?

- A. Good
- B. **Serious address**
- C. Dress
- D. Bad

Q.18: The word Urn means_____?

- A. Painting
- B. **Vase like vessel**
- C. Flower pot
- D. Flower

Q.19: "Ode on a Grecian Urn" is written by_____?

- A. Robert Frost
- B. Words worth
- C. **John Keats**
- D. W.B. Yeast

Q.20: The Storm burst_____?

- A. One day earlier
- B. Late
- C. After its time
- D. **Before time**

Q.21: She dispersed powdery snow with her_____?

- A. Stick
- B. **Feet**
- C. Hands
- D. Bat

Q.22: She went to town to bring back her_____?

- A. **Mother**
- B. Father
- C. Sister
- D. Brother

Q.23: The poet happened to see the lovely child at the time_____?

- A. Afternoon
- B. **Sunrise**
- C. Sunset
- D. Evening

Q.24: The word disperse means_____?

- A. Assemble
- B. Disappear
- C. Discrete
- D. **Scatter**

Q.25: The word snap mean_____?

- A. Excited
- B. Rest
- C. **Cut**
- D. Beating

Q.26: The word solitary means_____?

- A. Flower
- B. Solid
- C. Group
- D. **Alone**

Q.27: The poem Lucy Gray is written by_____?

- A. Rubert Frost
- B. **Words Worth**
- C. John Keats
- D. W.B. Yeats

Q.28: The poct remembers that he has to keep is promise_____?

- A. Help his friend
- B. Enjoy the scene
- C. **Reach the destination**
- D. Enjoy the snow fall

Q.29: The poet enjoys the scene of_____?

- A. Sunset
- B. Water fall
- C. **Snow fall**
- D. River

Q.30: The poet is passing through a_____?

- A. Bazar
- B. village
- C. **Wood**
- D. Park

Q.31: The poem "Stopping by Woods" is written by_____?

- A. **Robert Frost**
- B. Word's worth
- C. John Keats
- D. W.B. Yeast

Q.32: Time has not changed the beauty of the_____?

- A. Poet
- B. Jungle
- C. **Swan**
- D. Park

Q.33: How many swans were there in the lake_____?

- A. **59**
- B. 40
- C. 49
- D. 55

Q.34: The central idea of the poem is_____?

- A. Nature
- B. Patriotism
- C. Beauty
- D. **Change**

Q.35: The word drift means

- A. Pull
- B. **Move**
- C. Stop
- D. Drag

Q.36: The word scattered means_____?

- A. Change
- B. Select
- C. **Disperse**
- D. Reject

Q.37: Coole is the name of a_____?

- A. Bazar
- B. Jungle
- C. **Park**
- D. Building

Q.38: The "Wild Swans at Coole" is written by_____?

- A. Robert Frost
- B. Words Worth
- C. John Keats
- D. **W. B Yeast**

Q.39: The real price of necklace was_____?

- A. 1000 francs
- B. **400 francs**
- C. 500 francs
- D. 600 francs

Q.40: Matilda was utterly miserable at not having any_____?

- A. **Jewel**
- B. Ring
- C. Shoes
- D. Necklace

Q.41: The party was held on_____?

- A. December 8
- B. **January 18**
- C. February 8
- D. July 18

Q.42: Mr. Loisel promised to give his wife_____?

- A. 500 francs
- B. 200 francs
- C. 300 francs
- D. **400 francs**

Q.43: Mathilda's friend was_____?

- A. Madam Romponneay
- B. Madam Jannie
- C. **Madam Forestier**
- D. Madam Loisel

Q.44: In the party, Matilda was_____?

- A. Not important
- B. Absent
- C. **A success**
- D. A failure

Q.45: Mathilda borrowed a _____?

- A. **Necklace**
- B. Car
- C. Diamond
- D. Dress

Q.46: Loisel was a_____?

- A. Secretarys
- B. Teacher
- C. Shopkeeper
- D. **Clerk**

Q.47: Two valuable things that James Dillingham Youngs has ____?

- A. Jim's gold watch and Della's hair
- B. Della's hair and dress
- C. Jims gold watch and shirt
- D. Della's dress and Jim's shirt

Q.48: Della's hair was more beautiful than ____?

- A. Water fall
- B. Gold
- C. Diamond
- D. Queen's jewels and gifts

Q.49: Della's hair were long enough to reach below her ____?

- A. Knee
- B. Shoulder
- C. Back
- D. Neck

Q.50: "Down fell the brown water fall" means ____?

- A. There was brown reflection of water
- B. Della's hair fell down
- C. The water fell down
- D. The brown water fell down

Q.51: Della bought a gift of ____?

- A. A golden watch chain
- B. A shirt
- C. A chain
- D. A watch

Q.52: Jim bought a gift of ____?

- A. Watch
- B. Perfume
- C. Combs
- D. Rose

Q.53: Della has countless ____?

- A. Feelings
- B. Expressions
- C. Jewels
- D. Diamonds

Q.54: Della prayed that ____?

- A. May she had beautiful hair
- B. May she live long
- C. May she has good health
- D. May he think her still pretty

Q.55: Short hair made her wonderful like a ____?

- A. Dame
- B. School girl
- C. Ugly woman
- D. Pretty woman

Q.56: The common thing in Jim and the watch chain was ____?

- A. Quietness and value
- B. Dullness
- C. Simplicity
- D. Quietness

Q.57: The rise and fall of the pitch of our voice is ____?

- A. Intonation
- B. Rhythm
- C. Syllables
- D. Stress

Q.58: What is the total number of diphthongs in English ____?

- A. 6
- B. 5
- C. 7
- D. 8

Q.59: Bad students never hard_____?

- A. Work
- B. Are Working
- C. **Works**
- D. Working

Q.60: He is too shy to meet_____?

- A. Luckier
- B. Lucky
- C. Luckiest
- D. **The Luckier**

Q.61: You are_____ You are than ?

- A. Luckier
- B. Lucky
- C. Luckiest
- D. **The Luckier**

Q.62: The word "sincerely" is a_____?

- A. Adjective
- B. Noun
- C. Pronoun
- D. **Adverb**

Q.63: Cartoons can be used in the class to_____?

- A. Copy pictures
- B. Amuse the students
- C. **Teaching them to draw pictures**
- D. Teach language

Q.64: Extensive reading is adopted for_____?

- A. For specific information
- B. Pleasure
- C. **Passing the examination**
- D. Getting the gist of a text

Q.65: What is the correct spelling_____?

- A. Picknicking
- B. **Picnicing**
- C. Pickkicking
- D. Pickniking

Q.66: The word "Dismay is a_____?

- A. Pronoun
- B. Noun
- C. Verb
- D. **Adjective**

Q.67: How many areas of language are to be taught i efficiency_____?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. **Four**
- D. One

Q.68: "Schedule Reading" is an example of_____?

- A. Skimming
- B. **Intensive Reading**
- C. Extensive Reading
- D. Scanning

Q.69: A good handout should have parts_____?

- A. Five
- B. **Two**
- C. Three
- D. Four

Q.70: Articulatory Phonetics deal with the way how speed sounds are_____?

- A. Used
- B. **Produced**
- C. Received
- D. Classified

Q.71: in the Consonants are produced with some month_____?

- A. Tapping
- B. Gap
- C. **Friction**
- D. None

Q.72: English pronunciation is very_____?

- A. **Systematic**
- B. Regular
- C. Interesting
- D. Common

Q.73: Phonetics is the study of_____?

- A. Phrases
- B. Letters
- C. Words
- D. **Sounds**

Q.74: "Ahmad is going to school is a_____?

- A. Exclamatory sentence
- B. **Assertive sentence**
- C. Imperative sentence
- D. Optative sentence

Q.75: May you live long!" is a_____?

- A. Exclamatory sentence
- B. Assertive sentence
- C. Imperative sentence
- D. **Optative sentence**

Q.76: What a fine day it is!

- A. **Exclamatory sentence**
- B. Assertive sentence
- C. Imperative sentence
- D. Optative sentence

Q.77: And is a_____?

- A. Pronoun
- B. Adverb
- C. Preposition
- D. **Conjunction**

Q.78: "Read" is a_____?

- A. **Verb**
- B. Noun
- C. Pronoun
- D. Adjective

Q.79: "Strong" is a_____?

- A. Pronoun
- B. Noun
- C. **Adjective**
- D. Verb

Q.80: "You" is a_____?

- A. Verb
- B. Noun
- C. **Pronoun**
- D. Adjective

Q.81: "College" is a_____?

- A. Verb
- B. **Noun**
- C. Pronoun
- D. Adjective

Q.82: Which one is the correct spelling_____?

- A. **Superintendent**
- B. Supredent
- C. Suprident
- D. Superentenilent

Q.83: Which one is correct spelling___?

- A. foregetting
- B. Forgetting
- C. Forgetting
- D. **Foregetting**

Q.84: Punctuation means___?

- A. Alphabets
- B. **Marks**
- C. Regularity
- D. Sound

Q.85: In SQ 3R, Q stands for___?

- A. Quota
- B. Quotation
- C. Quarter
- D. **Question**

Q.86: In SQ 3R, S stands for___?

- A. **Survey**
- B. Summary
- C. Study
- D. Student

Q.87: 3 Rs stand for___?

- A. Read, recall, write
- B. Read, recall, revise
- C. Read, revise, review
- D. **Read, recall, review**

Q.88: Novel reading is an example of___?

- A. Intensive reading
- B. **Extensive reading**
- C. Scanning
- D. Skimming

Q.89: Reading the question paper in the examination hall the example of___?

- A. Skimming
- B. **Intensive reading**
- C. Extensive reading
- D. Scanning

Q.90: See the time table and tell the break time is the example of___?

- A. Extensive reading
- B. Skimming
- C. **Scanning**
- D. Intensive reading

Q.91: "Which of the titles fits the text best" is the example___?

- A. Extensive vending
- B. **Skimming**
- C. Scanning
- D. Intensive reading

Q.92: Scanning means reading quickly to know___?

- A. Full understanding of text
- B. What is it about
- C. **Specific piece of information**
- D. All of the above

Q.93: Skimming means reading quickly to know___?

- A. Full understanding of text
- B. **What is it about**
- C. Specific piece of information
- D. None of the above

Q.94: Skimming is a type of___?

- A. Listening
- B. Writing
- C. **Reading**
- D. Speaking

Q.95: Intonation is the use of ____?

- A. Syllables
- B. Words
- C. Sentences
- D. **Tunes**

Q.96: Reading means ____?

- A. **Recognition and comprehension**
- B. Recognition
- C. Observing text
- D. Comprehension

Q.97: Which one is the authentic material ____?

- A. Magazine
- B. Books
- C. Library
- D. **real life**

Q.98: Cloze means ____?

- A. Associated part
- B. Close
- C. **Missing part**
- D. Filled part

Q.99: Dictation means ____?

- A. Objective type test
- B. Test of memory
- C. **Test of writing**
- D. Oral test

Q.100: Listening public announcements at railway station is ____?

- A. **Intensive listening**
- B. Global
- C. Listening for gist
- D. Extensive listening

Q.101: Listening amusing radio programme is ____?

- A. Extensive listening
- B. Listening for detail
- C. Discrete listening
- D. **Intensive listening**

Q.102: Discrete listening is also known as ____?

- A. **Intensive listening**
- B. Listening for gist
- C. Extensive listening
- D. Global listening

Q.103: Global listening is also called as ____?

- A. Listening for detail
- B. Intensive listening
- C. **Extensive listening**
- D. Discrete listening

Q.104: Time devoted to writing in communication activities

- A. 45%
- B. **9%**
- C. 16%
- D. 30%

Q.105: Time devoted to reading in communication activities ____?

- A. 45%
- B. 9%
- C. **16%**
- D. 30%

Q.106: Time devoted to speaking in communication activities

- A. 45%
- B. 8%
- C. 16%
- D. **30%**

Q.107: According to Rivers and Temperley, time devoted to listening in communication activities is_____?

- A. **45%**
- B. 9%
- C. 16%
- D. 30%

Q.108: LTM stands for_____?

- A. Long time memory
- B. **Long term memory**
- C. Long term message
- D. Long time message

Q.109: STM stand for_____?

- A. Short term message
- B. Short time memory
- C. **Short term memory**
- D. Short time message

Q.110: The first step in listening is_____?

- A. Long term memory
- B. **Perception and decoding**
- C. Short term memory
- D. Prediction

Q.111: Listening means_____?

- A. Hearing the sounds around
- B. Lending car
- C. lending car to spoken words
- D. **Lending car to spoken words to understand message**

Q.112: In listening, the following is involved_____?

- A. Tongue
- B. Ears
- C. **Ears and mind**
- D. Mind

Q.113: families is According to David crystal, the number of language_____?

- A. **100**
- B. 200
- C. 50
- D. 150

Q.114: According to David crystal, the total number of languages are_____?

- A. **6809**
- B. 7809
- C. 4809
- D. 5809

Q.115: The spoken languages in the world are about_____?

- A. 4500
- B. 4000
- C. **3000**
- D. 3500

Q.116: Arbitrariness means_____?

- A. Rationale
- B. **Chosen with reason**
- C. Random selection
- D. Chosen without reason

Q.117: How language is structured is_____?

- A. **Structural view**
- B. Traditional view
- C. Functional view
- D. Communitive view

Q.118: "Language is a vehicle for expression of feeling" is_____?

- A. Structural view
- B. Traditional view
- C. **Formal view**
- D. Functional view

Q.119: "Language is a vehicle for expression of feeling" is ____?

- A. Words
- B. Traditional view
- C. **Sounds**
- D. Functional view

Q.120: Linguistic is the scientific study of ____?

- A. Sentence
- B. Language
- C. **Sounds**
- D. Words

Q.121: A phoneme is a ____?

- A. **Sound**
- B. Symbol
- C. Letter
- D. Word

Q.122: The letters which are written but not spoken are ____?

- A. **Silent**
- B. Vowels
- C. Consonants onsonants
- D. Small

Q.123: The number of phonemes in standard British English is number of phonemes in star ____?

- A. 44
- B. 5
- C. **24**
- D. 20

Q.124: The number of vowel sound is ____?

- A. 26
- B. 5
- C. 15
- D. **20**

Q.125: Orthography means ____?

- A. Reading system
- B. Speaking system
- C. Listening system
- D. **Writing system**

Q.126: The degree of force with which a word is uttered ____?

- A. Transmission
- B. **Stress**
- C. Citation
- D. Translation

Q.127: The conversion of spoken words into written language ____?

- A. Translation
- B. **Transcription**
- C. Transplantation
- D. Transmission

Q.128: The number of consonants in English are ____?

- A. 31
- B. 15
- C. **21**
- D. 26

Q.129: The number of vowels in English are ____?

- A. **5**
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Q.130: The highest level in linguistics is ____?

- A. Pragmatics
- B. Phonology
- C. **Phonetics**
- D. Morphology

Q.131: Phonology is the study of how sounds are ____?

- A. Distinguished
- B. Produced
- C. Transmitted
- D. **Organized**

Q.132: The number of branches of phonetics are ____?

- A. 2
- B. **3**
- C. 4
- D. 5

Q.133: Uttering with the force of breath is ____?

- A. **Stress**
- B. Consonant
- C. Vowel
- D. Phonemes

Q.134: Which one is not the articulator ____?

- A. Tongue
- B. Lips
- C. Teeth
- D. **Face**

Q.135: Phoneme is the unit of sound ____?

- A. Medium
- B. **Minimum**
- C. Large
- D. Maximum

Q.136: The kinds of sounds are ____?

- A. Werthall sounds, consonant sound
- B. **Consonant sounds, oral sounds**
- C. Commensant sounds, oral sounds
- D. Oral sounds, vowel sound

Q.137: number of kinds of sounds are ____?

- A. **2**
- B. 5
- C. 3
- D. 4

Q.138: The first objective of teaching English is to develop ____?

- A. Reading skill
- B. Writing skill
- C. **Listening skill**
- D. Speaking skill

Q.139: English language communication skills are ____?

- A. Thinking, skimming, reading, writing
- B. Listening, thinking, speaking, reading
- C. Listening, speaking, skimming, reading
- D. **Listening, speaking, reading, writing**

Q.140: The number of English Language communication skills ____?

- A. 3
- B. 2
- C. **4**
- D. 5

Q.141: Communication without words is called_____?

- A. Oral communication
- B. Written
- C. **Non-verbal communication**
- D. Verbal communication

Q.142: Which is not the type of communication channel_____?

- A. **Thinking, acting**
- B. Speaking, listening
- C. Writing, reading
- D. Visualizing, observing

Q.143: Effective communication is that in which_____?

- A. communication is in writing
- B. Sender sends a complete message
- C. **Receiver understands the message of sender**
- D. Communication is oral

Q.144: If there is no receiver, there is no_____?

- A. Media
- B. **Communication**
- C. Sender
- D. Message

Q.145: Exchange of ideas between two or more persons is_____?

- A. Telling
- B. Listening
- C. Understanding
- D. **Communication**

Q.146: Communication involves_____?

- A. Listening
- B. Understanding
- C. Telling
- D. **All of the above**

Q.147: Communis means_____?

- A. Committee
- B. **Common**
- C. Community
- D. Command

Q.148: Communication is derived from Latin word_____?

- A. Command
- B. Community
- C. Committee
- D. **Communis**

English Language Communication Skills

(Answer Key)

1. B	2. D	3. D	4. A	5. D	6. C	7. C	8. D	9. B	10. B
11. D	12. C	13. B	14. D	15. A	16. C	17. B	18. B	19. C	20. D
21. B	22. A	23. B	24. D	25. C	26. D	27. B	28. C	29. C	30. C
31. A	32. C	33. A	34. D	35. B	36. C	37. C	38. D	39. B	40. A
41. B	42. D	43. C	44. C	45. A	46. D	47. A	48. D	49. A	50. B
51. A	52. C	53. A	54. D	55. A	56. A	57. A	58. A	59. C	60. D
61. D	62. D	63. C	64. C	65. B	66. D	67. C	68. B	69. B	70. B
71. C	72. A	73. D	74. B	75. D	76. A	77. D	78. A	79. C	80. C
81. B	82. A	83. D	84. B	85. D	86. A	87. D	88. B	89. B	90. C
91. B	92. C	93. B	94. C	95. D	96. A	97. D	98. C	99. C	100. A
101. D	102. A	103. C	104. B	105. C	106. D	107. A	108. B	109. C	110. B
111. D	112. C	113. A	114. A	115. C	116. B	117. A	118. C	119. C	120. C
121. A	122. A	123. C	124. D	125. D	126. B	127. B	128. C	129. A	130. C
131. D	132. B	133. A	134. D	135. B	136. B	137. A	138. C	139. D	140. C
141. C	142. A	143. C	144. B	145. D	146. D	147. B	148. D		